Class 4: Equity Quant Investing in Practice
Financial Markets, Spring 2021, SAIF

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Outline

- Quant investing in hedge funds:
  - Academic influence: Prof. Eugene Fama and his co-authors.
  - Many of the early quant investors: Chicago GSB students in the 1970s.
  - Success in late 1990s: attracts many institutional money managers to join force.

- Crowded trades and over-used signals: factor investing creates unwanted quant risk.

- Lessons from the 2007 quant meltdown:
  - Cannot be too big: whale.
  - Cannot be too crowded: every runs for the exit.
  - Cannot be too transparent: front running.

- Factor investing in mutual funds and ETF.
# Quant Signals

## Valuation
- How is the company priced relative to fundamental accounting measures?
  - **Sample Metric:** Book-to-price ratio

## Profitability
- What are the company’s profit margins? How efficient are its operations?
  - **Sample Metric:** Earnings-to-sales ratio

## Analyst Sentiment
- Are analysts upgrading or downgrading their view of this company?
  - **Sample Metric:** Earnings forecast revisions

## Earnings Quality
- Were earnings derived from sustainable sources?
  - **Sample Metric:** Accruals-to-total-assets

## Momentum
- How has the market responded to the company’s changing fortunes?
  - **Sample Metric:** Price momentum

## Management Impact
- How is the company’s management employing its capital?
  - **Sample Metric:** Change in shares outstanding

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*Source: Prof. Kent Daniel*
Popular Quant Signals

- **Momentum**: price momentum, Jegadeesh and Titman 1993.
- **Earnings Quality**: accruals to total assets, Sloan, 1996.
- **Analysts Sentiment**: earnings forecast revisions, Stickel, 1991.
GSAM’s Global Equity Opportunities

- +1000 positions on individual stocks.
- Market neutral and industry neutral.
- +$24 billion and -$24 billion with 6$ billion AUM.
- The average holding period: in months.
- Correlation with different quant shops: very low.

Source: Prof. Kent Daniel and Bob Litterman
The Growth of the Hedge Fund Industry

Asset Under Management ($ Billion)

- Long/Short Equity (right axis)
- All Hedge Fund (left axis)

AUM ($ billion)


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The Growth of the Hedge Fund Industry
GSAM’s Global Equity Opportunities

- Up to June 2007, the average annual return was 15%, and volatility 10%.
- $10\% / \sqrt{52}$: 1.4% per week.
- In July 2007, down by -15%.
- From August 1 through 10, down by -30%.

Source: Prof. Kent Daniel and Bob Litterman
Disruptions outside of quant investing

- Sub-prime mortgage market disruption (ABX BBB-Tranch).
- Spillover to investment-grade credit markets.
- Spillover to yen carry trade (USD/Yen exchange rate).
Contagion in Quant Factors

- Multi-strategy hedge funds, with losses in illiquid mortgage and credits, used the liquid holdings in their quant strategies to raise more cash.
- The meltdown affected virtually all quant factors in every major region. A 20-sigma drawdown for GSAM’s Global Equity Opportunities Fund:
What Next?

- The search for new quant signals is still on, but this area is just not as exciting and creative as it was 10 or 15 years ago.
- An alpha that looks good on paper does not necessarily translate to real alpha. Transaction costs: price impact, especially when trading an institutional-size portfolio; and short-sale constraints.
- Some quant signals work only in small to medium stocks, but not large cap stocks. Some worked in the past, but have since disappeared.
- The push to equity mutual funds and ETFs is on going. Since 200907, AQR offers momentum funds for large-cap (AUM: $1B) and small-cap (AUM: $432M); Since 201304, Blackrock offers iShares momentum factor ETF ($870M).
- In this long-only space, a large portion of the risk exposure comes not from the quant signal, but from the market risk.